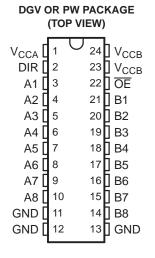
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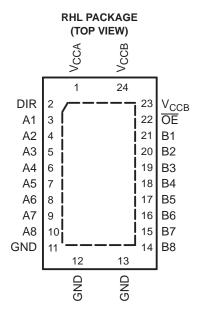
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#### **FEATURES**

- Control Inputs V<sub>IH</sub>/V<sub>IL</sub> Levels Are Referenced to V<sub>CCA</sub> Voltage
- V<sub>CC</sub> Isolation Feature If Either V<sub>CC</sub> Input Is at GND, All I/O Ports Are in the High-Impedance State
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.2-V to 3.6-V Power-Supply Range
- I/Os Are 4.6-V Tolerant



- Max Data Rates:
  - 320 Mbps ( $V_{CCA} \ge 1.8 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{CCB} \ge 1.8 \text{ V}$ )
  - 170 Mbps (V<sub>CCA</sub> ≤ 1.8 V or V<sub>CCB</sub> ≤ 1.8 V)
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 8000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)



#### **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION**

This 8-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The SN74AVCH8T245 is optimized to operate with  $V_{CCA}/V_{CCB}$  set at 1.4 V to 3.6 V. It is operational with  $V_{CCA}/V_{CCB}$  as low as 1.2 V. The A port is designed to track  $V_{CCA}$ .  $V_{CCA}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track  $V_{CCB}$ .  $V_{CCB}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V voltage nodes.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

T <sub>A</sub>	PAC	KAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
	QFN – RHL	Reel of 1000	SN74AVCH8T245RHLR	WP245
–40°C to 85°C	TSSOP – PW	Tube of 60	SN74AVCH8T245PW	WP245
-40°C 10 85°C	1330P – PW	Reel of 2000	SN74AVCH8T245PWR	WP245
	TVSOP - DGV	Reel of 2000	SN74AVCH8T245DGVR	WP245

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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### **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

The SN74AVCH8T245 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable  $(\overline{OE})$  input can be used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated.

The SN74AVCH8T245 is designed so the control pins (DIR and  $\overline{OE}$ ) are supplied by V<sub>CCA</sub>.

The SN74AVCH8T245 solution is compatible with a single-supply system and can be replaced later with a '245 function, with minimal printed circuit board redesign.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The  $V_{CC}$  isolation feature ensures that if either  $V_{CC}$  input is at GND, both outputs are in the high-impedance state. The bus-hold circuitry on the powered-up side always stays active.

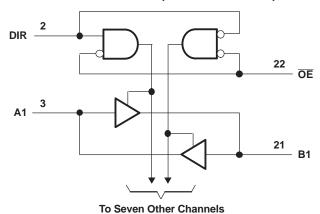
Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven inputs at a valid logic state. Use of pullup or pulldown resistors with the bus-hold circuitry is not recommended.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  shall be tied to  $V_{\text{CC}}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

# FUNCTION TABLE (each 8-bit section)

INP	UTS	OPERATION
ŌĒ	DIR	OPERATION
L	L	B data to A bus
L	Н	A data to B bus
Н	Χ	All output Hi-Z

#### **LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)**



### SN74AVCH8T245 8-BIT DUAL-SUPPLY BUS TRANSCEIVER WITH CONFIGURABLE VOLTAGE TRANSLATION AND 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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# Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCA</sub>	Supply voltage range		-0.5	4.6	V
		I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	4.6	
$V_{I}$	Input voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	4.6	V
		Control inputs	-0.5	4.6	
\/	Voltage range applied to any output	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	in the high-impedance or power-off state (2)	B port	-0.5	4.6	V
\/	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or law state (2)(3)	A port	-0.5 V	-0.5 V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5	
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state (2)(3)	B port	-0.5 V	CCB + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0		<del>-</del> 50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		<del>-</del> 50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub> , or GND			±100	mA
		DGV package		86	
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance (4)	PW package		88	°C/W
		RHL package		43	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed. The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6 V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

<sup>(4)</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

### SN74AVCH8T245 8-BIT DUAL-SUPPLY BUS TRANSCEIVER WITH CONFIGURABLE VOLTAGE TRANSLATION AND 3-STATE OUTPUTS



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# Recommended Operating Conditions (1)(2)(3)

			V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>cco</sub>	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CCA}$	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V
V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V
			1.2 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCI} \times 0.65$		
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	Data inputs	1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6		V
	input voltago		2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
			1.2 V to 1.95 V			$V_{CCI} \times 0.35$	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs	1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V
	input voltage		2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
			1.2 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCA} \times 0.65$		
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> )	1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6		V
	input voltago	(referenced to VCCA)	2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
			1.2 V to 1.95 V			$V_{\text{CCA}} \times 0.35$	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> )	1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V
	input voltage	(referenced to VCCA)	2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
VI	Input voltage				0	3.6	V
\/	Output voltage	Active state			0	V <sub>cco</sub>	V
Vo	Output voltage	3-state			0	3.6	V
				1.2 V		-3	
				1.4 V to 1.6 V		-6	
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output cur	rrent		1.65 V to 1.95 V		-8	mA
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		-9	
				3 V to 3.6 V		-12	
				1.2 V		3	
				1.4 V to 1.6 V		6	
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output cur	rent		1.65 V to 1.95 V		8	mA
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		9	
				3 V to 3.6 V		12	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise of	or fall rate				5	ns/V
$T_A$	Operating free-air te	mperature			-40	85	°C

 $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.  $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port. All unused data inputs of the device must be held at  $V_{CCI}$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

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## Electrical Characteristics (1)(2)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V	V		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		–40°C to 8	5°C	UNIT	
PARAMETER	TEST CONDI	TIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII	
	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V				V <sub>CCO</sub> - 0.2			
	$I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}$		1.2 V	1.2 V		0.95					
V	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	$V_I = V_{IH}$	1.4 V	1.4 V				1.05		V	
$V_{OH}$	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub>	1.65 V	1.65 V				1.2		V	
	$I_{OH} = -9 \text{ mA}$		2.3 V	2.3 V				1.75			
	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$		3 V	3 V				2.3			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					0.2		
	$I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}$		1.2 V	1.2 V		0.15					
V	$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$	$V_I = V_{IL}$	1.4 V	1.4 V					0.35	V	
$V_{OL}$	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	VI = VIL	1.65 V	1.65 V					0.45	V	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 9 mA		2.3 V	2.3 V					0.55		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA		3 V	3 V					0.7		
I <sub>I</sub> Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GN	ND	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V		±0.025	±0.25		±1	μΑ	
	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.42 V		1.2 V	1.2 V		25					
	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.49 V		1.4 V	1.4 V				15			
I <sub>BHL</sub> (3)	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.58 V		1.65 V	1.65 V				25		μΑ	
	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V	= 0.7 V		2.3 V				45		•	
	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V		3.3 V	3.3 V				100			
	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.78 V		1.2 V	1.2 V		-25					
	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.91 V		1.4 V	1.4 V				-15			
I <sub>BHH</sub> (4)	V <sub>I</sub> = 1.07 V		1.65 V	1.65 V				-25		μΑ	
	V <sub>I</sub> = 1.6 V		2.3 V	2.3 V				-45			
	V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V		3.3 V	3.3 V				-100			
			1.2 V	1.2 V		50					
			1.6 V	1.6 V				125			
I <sub>BHLO</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	$V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$		1.95 V	1.95 V				200		μΑ	
			2.7 V	2.7 V				300			
			3.6 V	3.6 V				500			
			1.2 V	1.2 V		-50					
	$V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$		1.6 V	1.6 V				-125			
I <sub>BHHO</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>			1.95 V	1.95 V				-200		μА	
		2.7 V	2.7 V				-300				
			3.6 V	3.6 V				-500			

 <sup>(1)</sup> V<sub>CCI</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the input port.
 (2) V<sub>CCO</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the output port.
 (3) The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V<sub>IL</sub> max. I<sub>BHL</sub> should be measured after lowering V<sub>IN</sub> to GND and then raising it to V<sub>IL</sub> max.

The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at VIH min. IBHH should be measured after raising VIN to  $V_{CC}$  and then lowering it to  $V_{IH}$  min.

 <sup>(5)</sup> An external driver must source at least I<sub>BHLO</sub> to switch this node from low to high.
 (6) An external driver must sink at least I<sub>BHHO</sub> to switch this node from high to low.

# SN74AVCH8T245

### 8-BIT DUAL-SUPPLY BUS TRANSCEIVER WITH CONFIGURABLE VOLTAGE TRANSLATION AND 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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# Electrical Characteristics (continued) (1)(2)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DA	RAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V	V	T,	չ = 25°	С	–40°C to	85°C	UNIT
PA	KAWEIEK	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
	A port	$V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	0 V	0 V to 3.6 V		±0.1	±1		±5	^
I <sub>off</sub>	B port	V <sub>1</sub> OI V <sub>0</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V	0 V to 3.6 V	0 V		±0.1	±1		±5	μΑ
1 (3)	A or B port	$V_O = V_{CCO}$ or GND, $V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$	3.6 V	3.6 V		±0.5	±2.5		±5	^
I <sub>OZ</sub> (3)	B port	$V_O = V_{CCO}$ or GND,	0 V	3.6 V					±5	μΑ
	A port	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND, OE = don't care	3.6 V	0 V					±5	
			1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					8	
$I_{CCA}$		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	0 V	3.6 V					-2	μΑ
			3.6 V	0 V					8	
			1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					8	
$I_{CCB}$		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	0 V	3.6 V					8	μΑ
			3.6 V	0 V					-2	
I <sub>CCA</sub> +	· I <sub>CCB</sub>	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					16	μΑ
C <sub>i</sub>	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = 3.3 V or GND	3.3 V	3.3 V		3.5			4.5	pF
C <sub>io</sub>	A or B port	$V_O = 3.3 \text{ V or GND}$	3.3 V	3.3 V		6			7	pF

### **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$  (see Figure 10)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	UNII	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	3.1	2.6	2.5	3	3.5	20	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	А	Б	3.1	2.6	2.5	3	3.5	ns	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	Α	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.3	20	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	ь	A	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.3	ns	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OE.	Α	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	20	
t <sub>PZL</sub>	ŌĒ	A	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	ns	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	В	5.1	4	3.5	3.2	3.1	20	
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	В	5.1	4	3.5	3.2	3.1	ns	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	NE A	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	20	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	OE	Α	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	ns	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	<del>or</del>	<u>ог</u> в	4.7	4	4.1	4.3	5.1	20	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	OE	ŌĒ	В	4.7	4	4.1	4.3	5.1	ns

 <sup>(1)</sup> V<sub>CCI</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the input port.
 (2) V<sub>CCO</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the output port.
 (3) For I/O ports, the parameter I<sub>OZ</sub> includes the input leakage current.

### SN74AVCH8T245 8-BIT DUAL-SUPPLY BUS TRANSCEIVER WITH CONFIGURABLE VOLTAGE TRANSLATION AND 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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### **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA}$  = 1.5 V  $\pm$  0.1 V (see Figure 10)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.2		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT														
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX															
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	2.7	0.5	5.4	0.5	4.6	0.5	4.9	0.5	6.8	20														
t <sub>PHL</sub>	A	Ь	2.7	0.5	5.4	0.5	4.6	0.5	4.9	0.5	6.8	ns														
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	Α	2.6	0.5	5.4	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.7	0.5	4.5	ns														
t <sub>PHL</sub>	D	A	2.6	0.5	5.4	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.7	0.5	4.5	115														
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	^	3.7	1.1	8.7	1.1	8.7	1.1	8.7	1.1	8.7	no														
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	DE A	3.7	1.1	8.7	1.1	8.7	1.1	8.7	1.1	8.7	ns														
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ᅈ	В	4.8	1.1	7.6	1.1	7.1	1	5.6	1	5.2	20														
t <sub>PZL</sub>	ŌĒ	Ь	4.8	1.1	7.6	1.1	7.1	1	5.6	1	5.2	ns														
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	^	3.1	0.5	8.6	0.5	8.6	0.5	8.6	0.5	8.6	20														
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	OE	Α -	3.1	0.5	8.6	0.5	8.6	0.5	8.6	0.5	8.6	ns														
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	<u> </u>	В	4.1	0.5	8.4	0.5	7.6	0.5	7.2	0.5	7.8	20														
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	D	4.1	0.5	8.4	0.5	7.6	0.5	7.2	0.5	7.8	ns

#### **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA}$  = 1.8 V  $\pm$  0.15 V (see Figure 10)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1	= 1.8 V 15 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.2		V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.3		UNIT											
		(OUTPUT)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX												
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Α	В	2.5	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.4	0.5	4	0.5	3.9												
t <sub>PHL</sub>	А	Б	2.5	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.4	0.5	4	0.5	3.9	ns											
t <sub>PLH</sub>	D	Α	2.5	0.5	4.6	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.9	0.5	3.7	no											
t <sub>PHL</sub>	В	В	D	D	A	2.5	0.5	4.6	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.9	0.5	3.7	ns								
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	۸	3	1	6.8	1	6.8	1	6.8	1	6.8												
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	Ē A	3	1	6.8	1	6.8	1	6.8	1	6.8	ns											
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OF.	В	4.6	1.1	8.2	1	6.7	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	20											
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	ŌĒ B	4.6	1.1	8.2	1	6.7	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	ns											
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OF.	Α	2.8	0.5	7.1	0.5	7.1	0.5	7.1	0.5	7.1	20											
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	A	2.8	0.5	7.1	0.5	7.1	0.5	7.1	0.5	7.1	ns											
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	<u> </u>	В	3.9	0.5	7.8	0.5	6.9	0.5	6	0.5	5.8												
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	В	3.9	0.5	7.8	0.5	6.9	0.5	6	0.5	5.8	ns

# SN74AVCH8T245 8-RIT DUAL-SUPPLY BUS TRANSCEIVER

# 8-BIT DUAL-SUPPLY BUS TRANSCEIVER WITH CONFIGURABLE VOLTAGE TRANSLATION AND 3-STATE OUTPUTS



SCES565G-APRIL 2004-REVISED MARCH 2007

#### **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{\text{CCA}}$  = 2.5 V  $\pm$  0.2 V (see Figure 10)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± <b>0</b> .1	1.5 V I V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT													
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX														
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	2.4	0.5	4.7	0.5	3.9	0.5	3.1	0.5	2.8	20													
t <sub>PHL</sub>	A	Б	2.4	0.5	4.7	0.5	3.9	0.5	3.1	0.5	2.8	ns													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	Α	3	0.5	4.9	0.5	4	0.5	3.1	0.5	2.9	20													
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Б	В	A	3	0.5	4.9	0.5	4	0.5	3.1	0.5	2.9	ns												
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	^	2.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.8														
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	Α	2.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.8	ns													
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	В	4.5	1.1	7.9	0.5	6.4	0.5	4.6	0.5	4	20													
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	ь	4.5	1.1	7.9	0.5	6.4	0.5	4.6	0.5	4	ns													
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	<del>∩E</del>	^	1.8	0.5	5.1	0.5	5.1	0.5	5.1	0.5	5.1	20													
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	OE	ŌĒ A	1.8	0.5	5.1	0.5	5.1	0.5	5.1	0.5	5.1	ns													
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	<u> </u>	В	3.6	0.5	7.1	0.5	6.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	3.9	20													
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	D	3.6	0.5	7.1	0.5	6.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	3.9	ns

#### **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{\text{CCA}}$  = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V (see Figure 10)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.7		V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.2		V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.3		UNIT															
	(INPOT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX																
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	2.3	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.7	0.5	2.9	0.5	2.5	20															
t <sub>PHL</sub>	А	В	2.3	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.9	0.5	2.5	ns															
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	Α	3.5	0.5	6.8	0.5	3.9	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.5	ns															
t <sub>PHL</sub>	ь	A	3.5	0.5	6.8	0.5	3.9	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.5	115															
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	Α	2	0.5	4	0.5	4	0.5	4	0.5	4	20															
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	A	2	0.5	4	0.5	4	0.5	4	0.5	4	ns															
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	В	4.5	1.1	7.8	0.5	6.2	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.9	20															
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	Ь	4.5	1.1	7.8	0.5	6.2	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.9	ns															
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	OF.	ᅙ	<del>or</del>	OF.	OF.	OF.	OF.	OF.	OF.	OF.	<u> </u>	OF.	OE .	OE .	OE A	^	1.7	0.5	4	0.5	4	0.5	4	0.5	4	20
t <sub>PLZ</sub>		ŌĒ A	1.7	0.5	4	0.5	4	0.5	4	0.5	4	ns															
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ B	3.4	0.5	6.9	0.5	6	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.2	20														
t <sub>PLZ</sub>			ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	ŌĒ	Б	3.4	0.5	6.9	0.5	6	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.2	ns	

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## **Operating Characteristics**

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

F	PARAME	TER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5 V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8 V	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 2.5 V$	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 V$	UNIT		
	A to B	Outputs enabled		1	1	1	1	1			
C (1)		Outputs disabled	$C_L = 0,$ f = 10  MHz, $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	1	1	1	1	1	pF		
C <sub>pdA</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	D to A	Outputs enabled		12	12	12	13	14	pΓ		
	D IO A	Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1			
	A to D	Outputs enabled		12	12	12	13	14			
C (1)	A to B Outputs	Outputs disabled Cu	o B Outputs	$C_L = 0$ ,		1	1	1	1	1	5 F
C <sub>pdB</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	B to A	Outputs enabled	f = 10  MHz, $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	1	1	1	1	1	pF		
	D 10 A	Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1			

<sup>(1)</sup> Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver

Table 1. Typical Total Static Power Consumption ( $I_{CCA} + I_{CCB}$ )

V <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>									
	0 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	UNIT			
0 V	0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5				
1.2 V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1				
1.5 V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1				
1.8 V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	μΑ			
2.5 V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1				
3.3 V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1				



#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

# Typical Propagation Delay (A to B) vs Load Capacitance $\rm T_A = 25^{\circ}C, \ V_{CCA} = 1.2 \ V$

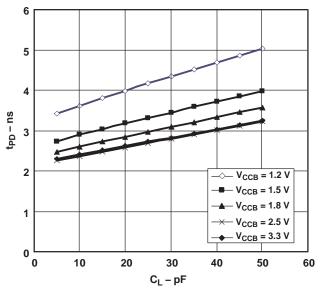
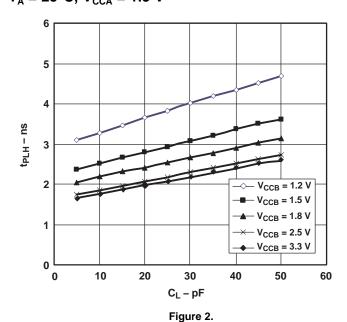
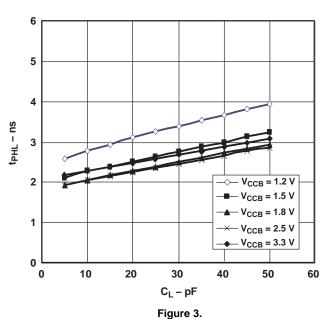


Figure 1.

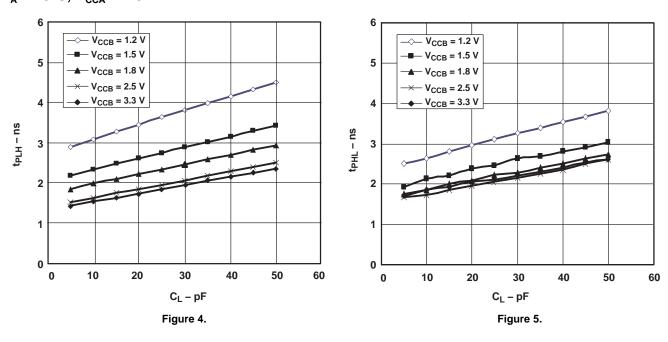
# Typical Propagation Delay (A to B) vs Load Capacitance $T_{A}$ = 25°C, $V_{\text{CCA}}$ = 1.5 V



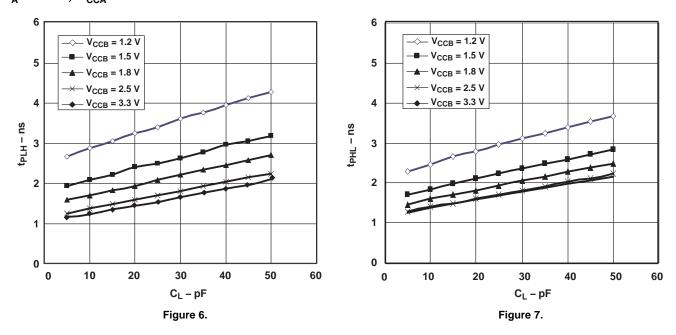


### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

# Typical Propagation Delay (A to B) vs Load Capacitance $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V}$



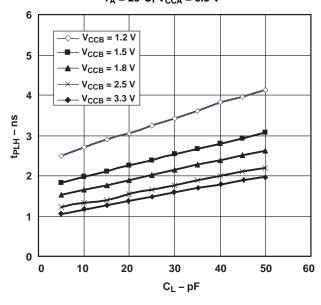
# Typical Propagation Delay (A to B) vs Load Capacitance $\rm T_A = 25^{\circ}C, \ V_{CCA} = 2.5 \ V$





#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

# Typical Propagation Delay (A to B) vs Load Capacitance $T_{A}$ = 25°C, $V_{CCA}$ = 3.3 V



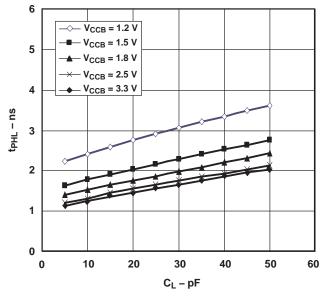
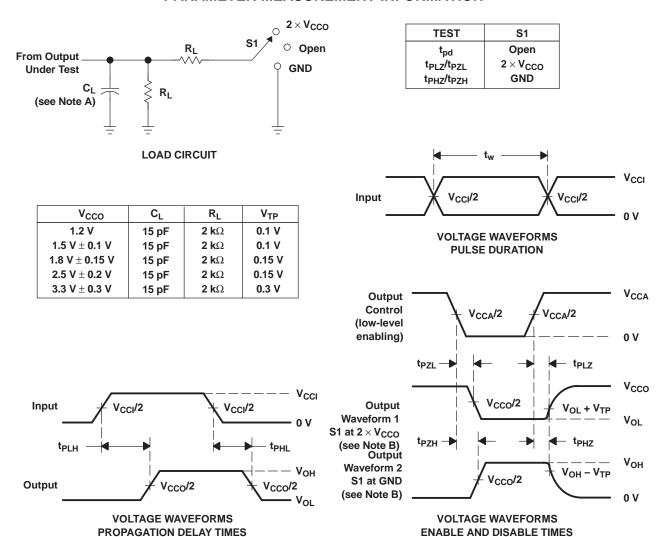


Figure 9.

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#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $dv/dt \geq$  1 V/ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F. t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PZH</sub> are the same as t<sub>en</sub>.
  - G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
  - H. V<sub>CCI</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the input port.
  - I.  $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port.

Figure 10. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

#### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 28-May-2009

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
74AVCH8T245DGVRE4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	24	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
74AVCH8T245DGVRG4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	24	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
74AVCH8T245PWRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
74AVCH8T245PWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
74AVCH8T245RHLRG4	ACTIVE	QFN	RHL	24	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN74AVCH8T245DGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	24	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74AVCH8T245PW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	24	60	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74AVCH8T245PWE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	24	60	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74AVCH8T245PWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	24	60	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74AVCH8T245PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74AVCH8T245RHLR	ACTIVE	QFN	RHL	24	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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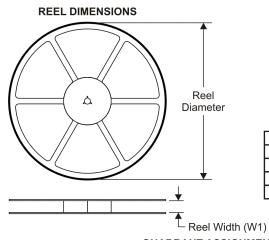
## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

28-May-2009 www.ti.com to Customer on an annual basis.

## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 30-Jul-2010

#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

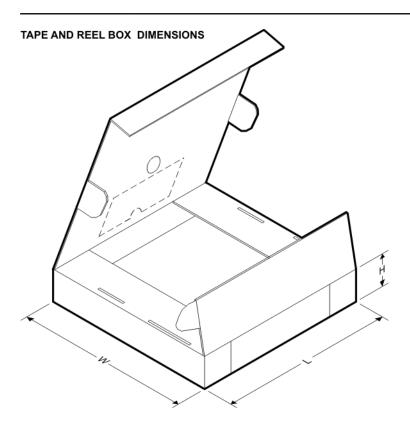
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AVCH8T245DGVR	TVSOP	DGV	24	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AVCH8T245PWR	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	8.3	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74AVCH8T245RHLR	QFN	RHL	24	1000	180.0	12.4	3.8	5.8	1.2	8.0	12.0	Q1

www.ti.com 30-Jul-2010

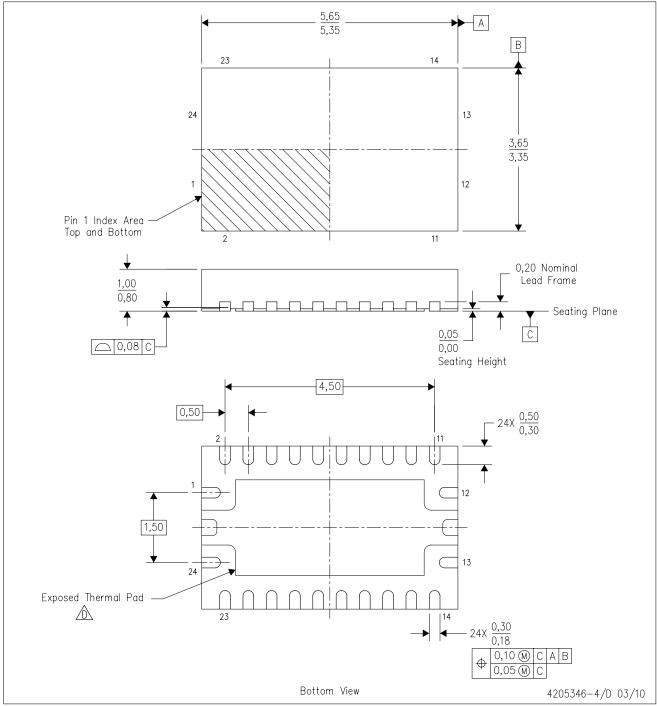


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

7 III GITTIOTIOTOTIC GITC TIGITIITIGI							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AVCH8T245DGVR	TVSOP	DGV	24	2000	346.0	346.0	29.0
SN74AVCH8T245PWR	TSSOP	PW	24	2000	346.0	346.0	33.0
SN74AVCH8T245RHLR	QFN	RHL	24	1000	190.5	212.7	31.8

# RHL (R-PVQFN-N24)

## PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
- The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.
  - E. JEDEC MO-241 package registration pending.

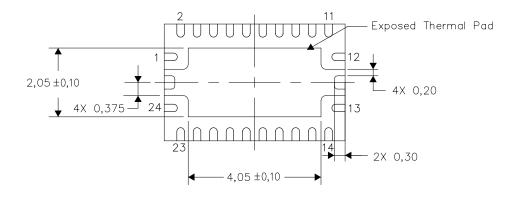


#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

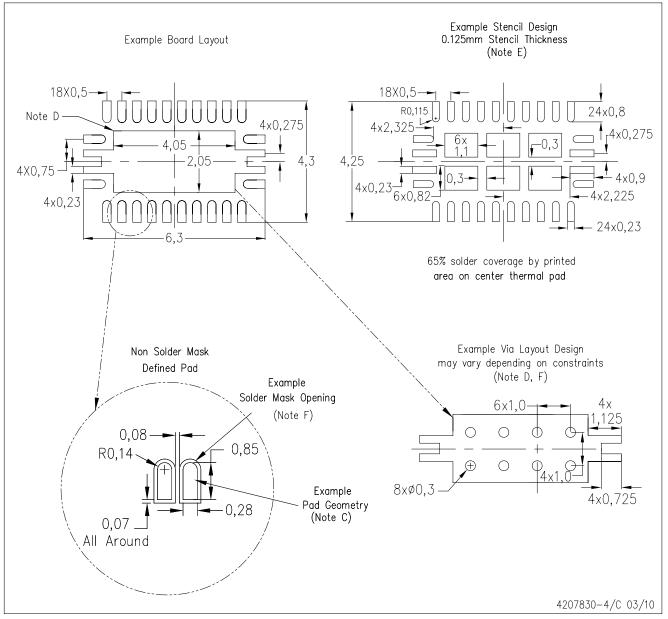
NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions



## RHL (R-PVQFN-N24)

## PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="http://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



#### PW (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### 14 PINS SHOWN

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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